#### 6.270 Lecture: Localization & Navigation Jessie Zhang 2013 IAP

## Overview

- Know how to drive straight, rotate, etc.
- Want to get somewhere
  - o "moveToPoint(x, y)"
- Need to know where robot is in the first place



## Localization

- Methods
  - Dead-reckoning
    - Gyroscope
    - Encoder shaft
      - Free wheel
  - Vision positioning system
  - Combining the two
    - In 6.270
    - In "real-life"

## Localization

- Vision Positioning System (VPS)
  - Using it
    - copy\_objects()
    - games.coords[0]
  - Some notes
    - Numerical values between -2048 and 2047
    - Height issue



### Localization

```
    extern volatile uint8_t robot_id;
    #define VPS_RATIO
```

```
int16_t current_x, current_y;
float current_theta;
```

```
update() {
    copy_objects();
    current_x = games.coord[0].x * VPS_RATIO;
    current_y = games.coord[0].y * VPS_RATIO;
    current_theta = games.coord[0].theta / 2048 * 180; //gyro_get_degrees()
}
void usetup(void) {
    robot_id = ***your team number***;
    //...
```

```
}
```

# Navigation

- Want something like "moveToPoint(x, y)"
- moveToPoint(desired\_point, velocity) {

update();

desired\_heading = determineHeading(current\_point, desired\_point);
rotateToHeading(desired\_heading);

while(distanceTo(current\_point, desired\_point) < TOLERANCE) {
 moveStraight(desired\_heading, velocity);</pre>

```
brake();
```

}

# Navigation

- More higher level functions
- Levels of abstraction
  - Top-down / Bottom-up
- Some notes
  - Decelerating
  - Gyroscope
- Flexibility in code
- Threads

# Random Tips

- Mock competition 1
- Past team websites
- Knowing what doesn't work
- Have fun!

